ASHTON WEST END ACADEMY PRIMARY SCHOOL HALF TERMLY PLANNER

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	
lish	Silly Stuff poetry Hear and respond to silly poems and humorous text.Identify nonsense sentences.Collect humorous words and phrases Use actions and sound effects to respond to the poems and silly sentences.SPAG Spaces between words Capital letters Full stops Capital letters for names	<u>Silly Stuff poetry</u> Explore rhyme, alliteration, onomatopoeia, puns, sentence/verse starters. Write and perform own poem. <u>SPAG</u> Spaces between words Capital letters Full stops Prefix 'un'	<u>Information text</u> <u>Australia</u> Ask questions to find information. Identify key features of an information text. Order topic words alphabetically. Sort fiction and non- fiction texts. <u>SPAG</u> Capital letters Use question marks. Prefix 'un'	<u>Information text</u> <u>Australia</u> Research the answers to questions using non-fiction texts. Write factual information as captions. Use the format of an information text to create their own information page. <u>SPAG</u> To punctuate sentences. Capital letters for names, places and people. Prefix 'un'	<u>Information Text -</u> <u>Australia</u> Recognise features of non-fiction texts. Order topic words alphabetically using dictionaries. Locate words and information. <u>SPAG</u> Capital letters Use question marks. Alphabetical order	Information Text - AustraliaUnderstand and use contents page and index.Extend captionsWrite a non- chronological reportSPAG To punctuate sentences.Capital letters for names, places and people.Different sentence openers.Using 'and' to join words and sentence	
	Word reading - A1, A5, A6 A8, A9 Reading comprehension - B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B7, B8, B9, B11, B12, B13, B14, B15. Writing -C2, C3 Handwriting - D1, D2, D3. Composition - E2, E3, E4, E5, E6, E7 Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation - F2, F3, F4, F5, F7.		Word reading - A1, A5, A6 A8, A9 Reading comprehension - B2, B3, B7, B8, B9, B14, B15 Writing - C2, C3 Handwriting - D1, D2, D3. Composition- E2, E3, E5, E6, E7 Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation - F2, F3, F4, F5, F7. Word reading - A1, A5, A6 A8, A9 Reading comprehension - B2, B3, B7, B8, B9, B14, B15				

School Target: I can make better word choices through rich talk experiences using verbs, adverbs and oracy strategies. For example, using other words for 'said'. Then I can apply these in my writing.

Maths	Number: Multiplication and Division *Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. *Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.			Number: Fractions *Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. * Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.			
Extended Writing	School Target: I can recognise fractions of shapes and amounts and order fractions e.g. shade 1/2 of a shape, tick the shape with 1/3 shaded, which fraction is the largest? Which fraction is the smallest? Order them in ascending and then descending order. Book: Tiddler the Story Telling Fish						
wring	Read 'Tiddler the story telling fish' Discuss story; setting, characters, what happened etc Have four sections of the story on paper and children to order them in the order they happened. Show the same four sentences on the whiteboard in the wrong order and order them using numbers 1- 4. HA-children to have sentences that are sections from the story. Children to read and sequence in the correct order. MA/LA-Children to sequence the story in the order it happened. Children to have sentences and pictures to match.	Re-read the story again and discuss. Ask children to questions about the story, characters, setting, plot etc that require a true or false answer. Show children a table with statements about the story and model ticking in the correct box (true/false) All children to have a table that has statements from the story. Children to tick whether the statements are true/false. MA/LA-children to be supported with reading statements	Recap on the story and what happens. Display questions on the board about the text and with support of children ae answer in full sentences. All children to answer the following questions about the story; Where does the story take place? When did the story take place? When did the story take place? What does ? look like? Who are the characters in the book? Where in the book would you find? What happened in the story? What do you think is happening? What might this mean? What word/phrase means?	Display part of the text and read making mistakes. Does this make sense? Model rereading again to ensure it makes sense. Repeat with children's help and children reading text. Children to have parts of text and children to find answers to questions on the text.	Display part of the text and read making mistakes. Does this make sense? Model rereading again to ensure it makes sense. Repeat with children's help and children reading text. Children to have parts of text and children to find words and the meaning of words. Children to also look for verb, adjectives and adverbs.	Children to watch the story. https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=ISwUxtpP35 <u>S</u> Children to answer inference questions based on characters feelings and actions.	
Art & Design	NOT THIS HALF TER	M	1			1	

	T 1 1 1 1 1				N:	
Design and	Take the children to a	Recap visit or	Look at a variety of the	Look at a variety of the	Discuss and look at the	Children to go to
Technology	local park to look at	photographs from	children's designs.	children's designs.	children's models.	playground in the local
	the playground	previous lesson. Discuss	Remind the children of	Remind the children of	Ask what they like	area at some point
(Playgrounds)	equipment.	the shapes and	the different ways in	the different ways in	about them?	during this half term to
	If this is not possible	structures they saw.	which materials can be	which materials can be	Is it suitable for the	evaluate the different
	look at photographs of	Also discuss how	joined together. How to	joined together. How to	intended user?	equipment and get ideas
	playground equipment.	equipment was joined	support and strengthen	support and strengthen	Did they change	for the structures they
	Discuss with the	together.	the structures.	the structures.	anything when they	are going to make.
	children:-	Tell the children that			made them?	
	Why do we have	modelling is used by			Is there anything they	
	playgrounds?	designers to develop	Children to use, their	Children to use, their	could do to improve	
	Is the playground	their ideas and test	design framework to	design framework to	them?	
	equipment good?	their products.	create their own piece	create their own piece		Skills: To evaluate
	Why?	Introduce to the	of playground	of playground	Children to complete	against their design
	Do we need special	children the idea that	equipment.	equipment.	evaluation framework.	criteria.
	equipment to play	will be eventually				To identify strengths
	with?	designing and making				and possible changes
	Ask the children to	their own playground				they might make next
	name the different	equipment and today			Skills: To evaluate	time.
	types of equipment	they will be trying out		Skills: To use hand	against their design	
	e.g. slide, swing,	and creating different		tools safely and	criteria.	
	roundabout, sea-saw	ideas for making	Skills: To identify	appropriately.	To identify strengths	
	etc. Ask them also to	playground equipment	simple design criteria.	To measure and cut	and possible changes	
	look at and name parts	out of construction kits,		with some accuracy.	they might make next	
	of the equipment e.g.	card & string.			time.	
	ladder, seat etc.	Demonstrate for the				
	What materials have	children how to				
	been used? Why have	construct a square or				
	they been chosen?	rectangle frame from a				
	How have the parts	construction kit and				
	been joined together?	how to make it more				
		stable (by adding				
		support to the				
		structure).				
	Skills: To generate					
	ideas by drawing on	Skills: To identify a				
	their own and other	purpose for what they				
	people's experiences	intend to design and				
		make. To make simple				
		drawings and label				
		parts.				

ASHTON WEST END ACADEMY PRIMARY SCHOOL	
HALF TERMLY PLANNER	

	Summer Term 1		April - May 17	Miss Mistry CLASS: 1PM		PM
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6
Geography (Australia)	Use a map/globe/google maps to locate the UK and Australia. Using maps recap the countries that make up the UK. Look at Australia and identify the places that make up Australia. Children to have a map of Australia and they are to label the places that make up Australia.	Identify different areas in Australia that people live in (rainforest, outback, city, suburb, beach) Make comparisons to where people live in the UK (city, town, village, countryside).	Look at what the weather is like in Australia. Compare it to the UK. When is our Summer/winter time and when is it summer/winter time in Australia. Make comparisons.	Identify the different animals popular in Australia and where they can be found. Look at the habitat. Are these animals dangerous? Compare to animals in UK.	To locate the Great Barrier Reef on the Gold Coast. Identify the animals in the Great Barrier Reef. Explain what 'bleeching' means and how it affects the animals and plant life in the ocean. Children to identify sea creatures in the Great Barrier Reef.	Children to create a poster/factfile about the Great Barrier Reef.
	Skills: To use a map to locate and name the countries that make up Australia.	Skills: To name and talk about geographical similarities and differences between our city and a city in Australia.	Skills: To identify seasonal/daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and area of the world in relation to the equator.	Skills: To compare human and physical features.	Skills: To compare human and physical features.	Skills: To compare human and physical features.
History	NOT THIS HALF TER	M				
Computing	Display a tally chart for e.g. favourite	Recap creating a graph using 2Graph - children	Using first week's learning (favourite pet),	Today we are learning how to use a database .	What is a database? Children to model	Show the children how to use 2simple
(1E)	colour, what could we do with this data (information)? We are going to learn how to make a graph using 2Graph on the laptops. Make a class graph for favourite pet. Tally on flipchart – children to come and add their vote as a	to model on IWB. Demonstrate how to print. In pairs from last week, children to access 2Graph and input their data. HA to create a barchart, LA to create a blockchart, SEN 2Count pictogram.	ask children questions that need to be read from the graph. Most popular, which pet has 4 votes Children to complete questionnaire on their data. What else would you like to find out? Key Skills: Answer	This is a collection of lots of data . E.g. Mrs Talib has a database on the computer that tells her your names, ages and phone numbers. Open 2Investigate and explore the alien database. If you click on an alien this brings up its record . What can	search and find tool from last week. Model how to create records, changing function of cells and adding options. Children to create a database linked to Science or DT learning. Key Skills: Enter	branching. Demonstrate how to create a branching database linking to science and the animal categories. Create questions as a class and input into the program. Children to create their own branching database about the 5 animal

	tally. Model how to	When finished and	questions about a	you learn in x's record?	information into a	categories.
	turn this into a	checked, print off.	graph.	Can display all of this	database.	curegories.
	blockchart or	checked, print off.	graph.	information in a table	dulubuse.	Key Skills: Enter
	blockenart.	Key Skills: Enter data		(change to table		information into a
	With tally templates,	into a graph.		(change to table format).		database.
	children to gather	into a graph.		I want to find all the		database.
	their data for their			aliens that are blue. The		
	own graphs, in pairs.			database can find this		
	own graphs, in pairs.			for me! Model how to		
	Kou Chille			search and find.		
	Key Skills: Contribute to a class			-		
				On laptops, children to		
	graph.			open 2Investigate. LA to search records for		
				aliens, HA to search		
				fruits database. Answer		
				given questions e.g. how many aliens with 2 eyes,		
				what fruit is smooth		
				and has edible skin?		
				Key Skills: Search a database record.		
Libnery	Alphabetical order-	Children to organise	Discuss what an Index	Children to use an index	Words to describe	Children eiven esteent
Library	find words in Non-	letters into alphabetical	is, find books with	to find information.		Children given category
	fiction books and	order.	index, complete example	to find information.	categories i.e. animals, big cats, toys, transport	title. What would go in?
	order in pairs	order.	• •		etc Linked to topic work	
Music	Listen and Appraise -	Listen and Appraise -	page Listen and Appraise -	Listen and Appraise - It	Listen and Appraise -	Listen and Appraise -
	Round And Round by	Livin' La Vida Loca by	Imperial War March by	Had Better Be Tonight	Why Don't You sung by	Oye Como Va by
(Round, Round)	Joanna Mangona: Play	Ricky Martin: Play the	John Williams: Play the	sung by Michael Bublé:	Gramaphonedzie: Play	Santana: Play the song.
Rounaj	the song. Use your	song. Use your body to	music. Use your body to	Play the song. Use your	the song. Use your body	Use your body to 痃nd
	body to find the pulse	find the pulse whilst	find the pulse whilst	body to find the pulse	to find the pulse whilst	the pulse whilst
	whilst scrolling	scrolling through/using	scrolling through/using	whilst scrolling	scrolling through/using	scrolling through/using
	through/using the on-	the on-screen questions	the on-screen questions	through/using the on-	the on-screen questions	the on-screen questions
	screen questions as a	as a focus. After	as a focus. After	screen questions as a	as a focus. After	as a focus. After
	focus. The coloured	listening, talk about the	listening, talk about the	focus. After listening,	listening, talk about the	listening, talk about the
	timeline denotes the	song and answer the	song and answer the	talk about the song and	song and answer the	song and answer the
	song sections.	questions together	questions together	answer the questions	questions together	questions together
	After listening, talk	using correct musical	using correct musical	together using correct	using correct musical	using correct musical
	about the song and	language. Listen and	language. Listen and	musical language. Listen	language	language
	answer the questions	Appraise - Round And	Appraise - Round And	and Appraise - Round	Games Track and Body	Games Track and Body
	together using	Round (if you want to):	Round (if you want to):	And Round (if you want	and Vocal Warm-Ups -	and Vocal Warm-Ups -
	correct musical	How are the songs	How is the music	to): How are the songs	Round And Round: Using	Round And Round: Using
	language.	different, how are they	different, how is it	different, how are they	the Activity Manual to	the Activity Manual to
	Games Track and Body	similar?	similar?	similar?	support what you see on	support what you see on
	and Vocal Warm-Ups -	Games Track and Body	Games Track and Body	Games Track and Body	screen, find and	screen, find and
	una vocai warm-ops -	oumes truck and body	oumes truck and body	oumes truck and body	sci een, i mu unu	scieen, finu unu

P.S.H.E & Citizenship	Discuss the importance of	What can we do? Recycling- Watch video	Skills: To follow instructions on how and when to sing/play an instrument. Trip to Blackpool Zoo	Skills: To follow instructions on how and when to sing/play an instrument. Where does money come from? Where do	<i>(duration).</i> Why do we need money? How do we use it every	If you could have anything in the world,
		Skills: To hear the pulse in music.	Round And Round: Perform and share what has taken place in today's lesson. Sing the song and improvise using voices and/or instruments within the song.	has taken place in today's lesson. Rap/sing the song and perform your composition(s) within the song.	Skills: Take notice of others when performing. Make and control long and short sounds	Skills: Take notice of others when performing. Make and control long and short sounds (duration).
	of the song, then over time add more rhythm and pitch activities. Learn to Sing the Song - Round And Round: Start to learn to sing the song. Perform the Song - Round And Round: Perform and share what has taken place in today's lesson. Sing the song. Skills: To take part in singing.	the song, then over time add more rhythm and pitch activities. Learn to Sing the Song - Round And Round: Continue to sing the song. Play Your Instruments with the Song: New Musical Activity in this step. Perform the Song - Round And Round: Perform and share what has taken place in today's lesson. Sing and play instrumental parts within the song.	the song, then over time add more rhythm and pitch activities. Learn to Sing the Song - Round And Round: Continue to sing the song. Play Your Instruments with the Song: Revisit your learning from the last step. Improvise with the Song: Use your voices to improvise. This is a new Musical Activity for this step, refer to the Activity Manual. Perform the Song -	the song, then over time add more rhythm and pitch activities. Learn to Sing the Song - Round And Round: Continue to sing the song. Play Your Instruments with the Song: Revisit your learning from the last step. Improvise with the Song: Use your instruments. Revisit your learning from the last step Perform the Song - Round And Round: Perform and share what	Continue to sing the song. Play Your Instruments with the Song: Revisit your learning from the last step. Improvise with the Song: Use your instruments. Revisit your learning from the last step Perform the Song - Round And Round: Perform and share what has taken place in today's lesson. Choose what you perform today.	Continue to sing the song. Play Your Instruments with the Song: Revisit your learning from the last step. Improvise with the Song: Use your instruments. Revisit your learning from the last step Perform the Song - Round And Round: Perform and share what has taken place in today's lesson. Choose what you perform today.
	Round And Round: Using the Activity Manual to support what you see on screen, find and internalise the pulse	and Vocal Warm-Ups - Round And Round: Using the Activity Manual to support what you see on screen, find and internalise the pulse of	and Vocal Warm-Ups - Round And Round: Using the Activity Manual to support what you see on screen, find and internalise the pulse of	and Vocal Warm-Ups - Round And Round: Using the Activity Manual to support what you see on screen, find and internalise the pulse of	internalise the pulse of the song, then over time add more rhythm and pitch activities. Learn to Sing the Song - Round And Round:	internalise the pulse of the song, then over time add more rhythm and pitch activities. Learn to Sing the Song - Round And Round:

	walk and look at our environment? Is it nice? Does it look attractive? Is their rubbish everywhere?	(green, black, brown, blue) children to draw/write what you can put in each bin.		partners and then as a whole class.	5 things that require use to need money.	need? How are you going to get the money to pay for it?
	Skills: To show care and concern for the environment.	Skills: To show care and concern for the environment.		Skills: To understand where money comes from.	Skills: To understand how money plays an important part in people's lives.	Skills: To understand how money plays an important part in people's lives.
PE (Games 1)	Throwing and Catching Demonstrate how to throw and catch a beanbag. Children to use one hand when throwing and two hands when catching.	Throwing and Catching Demonstrate how to throw and catch a ball. Children to use one hand when throwing and two hands when catching.	Throwing and intercepting Children to work in groups of three and play piggy in the middle.	Bat and ball Children to practice using bat and hitting a ball to their partner.	Dribbling Children to work in pairs. Children to kick the ball to their partner, partner to stop the ball and kick it back.	Dribbling Children to work in teams and dribble the ball in and out of the cones and to dribble it back and pass to partner.
	Skills: To travel with, send and receive a ball and other equipment in different ways.	Skills: To travel with, send and receive a ball and other equipment in different ways.	Skills: To travel with, send and receive a ball and other equipment in different ways.	Skills: To hit a ball with a bat.	Skills: To develop control and coordination.	Skills: To develop control and coordination. To understand the effects of exercise on the body.
R.E. (What does it mean to belong to Faith Community)	Do we all belong to something? Display question 'Who am I?' (tell children Who I am?; teacher, daughter, funny, small, friendly, honest, good friend etc) Talk partners children to say who they are and feedback. Would you rather be; good at running/jumping, kitten/puppy, live in castle/campervan etc Me-myself-outline of person children to	How do Christians show they belong? Look at pictures/artefacts that show Christian belonging (cross, fish, palm leaves, church, Jesus/Mary, bible, rosary etc) Talk about Christians all belong to a group and they all belong to Jesus. Read story of The Lost Coin. Pose 'wonder' questions about the story and what makes children feel happy about the story.	How do Muslims know that they belong? Symbols of Muslim belonging. Children to share what they have. Read story of 'The Boy who threw stones at a tree'. Pose 'wonder' questions. Ask children to think about when they did something wrong. What happened?	How do Jewish people show they belong together as a community? Symbols of Jewish belonging (cups/ribena in a jug/candle/bread). Watch video of Jewish Shabbat BBC schools/learning/clips. After video-share the Ribena, bread and light the candle. How did it feel doing it together? Children to write responses on an outline of a cup (put on display) in small groups.	How do Christians welcome a new baby? How do Muslims welcome a new baby? Way in: new baby. Baby Baptism in Christianity. Ask children if they have been baptised. Watch baptism video BBC schools. Children to draw items they would keep (candle, water from font, robe etc Watch video-How Muslims welcome a baby.	How do some people show they belong to one another? Way in; friendship promises. What makes a good friend? What do they have to do to be a good friend? Do they make promises to their friends? Belonging to each other in a Christian Wedding. Discuss rings and the promise made (vows).

ء ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب ب	write on three things saying who they are, also include feelings. *Symbols of belonging. *We all belong. Skills: To identify aspects of own experience and feelings, in religious material studied	Skills: To identify things they find interesting or puzzling, in religious materials studied.	Skills: To identify what is of value and concern to themselves, in religious material studied	Skills: To identify things they find interesting or puzzling, in religious materials studied.	Skills: To recognise features of religious life and practice.	Skills: To recognise features of religious life and practice.
(Animals including humans)	Give children an opportunity to share what they already know about animals. Use this information to pitch your subsequent lessons. (resource 1) - Show children images of a range of animals including birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates. Ensure children become familiar with the names of these animals. - Discuss one animal in detail explaining that its features help it to survive. Eg a polar bear has thick fur and a layer of fat to keep it warm. It has sharp teeth and claws for catching animals to eat. It has fur on the soles of its feet to keep them from freezing on the ice.	Give children images of many different animals including birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates - Explain that we can group animals according to their features. Ask children to discuss how they might group the animals provided. Allow children to explore sorting animals and discuss how they decided to sort e.g 4 legs, wings etc. - Explain that scientists use special categories to sort animals. Teach children the words amphibian and mammal as two examples of animal groups. Give lots of examples of each, explaining why they are a mammal or an amphibian. See resource. - Children to record their sorting either through drawing or	TRIP BLACKPOOL ZOO	Give children images of many different animals including birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates - Explain that we can group animals according to their features. Ask children to discuss how they might group the animals provided. Allow children to explore sorting animals and discuss how they decided to sort e.g 4 legs, wings etc. - Explain that scientists use special categories to sort animals. Teach children the words amphibian and mammal as two examples of animal groups. Give lots of examples of each, explaining why they are a mammal or an amphibian. See resource. - Children to record their sorting either through drawing or	Sort animals into two groups; suitable for a pet and not suitable for a pet. Discuss why animals were sorted in a particular way. - Explore the resources here www.rspcaeducation. org.uk/teachers - Design a leaflet explaining to potential pet owners what their animal will need. - Ask a pet owner to come in and discuss the responsibilities involved with looking after an animal. Skills: To begin to use simple features to compare objects, materials and living things and, with help, decide how to sort and group them.	Explain to children that we have hands and feet, but that we use different words when we describe animals. For example a cat has paws. - Show them a picture of a fish. Ask children to name any of the parts of the fish. Teach vocabulary: gills, fins and scales. Repeat with a picture of a bird. - Children independently research an animal of their choice and explore the vocabulary required to describe them. - Give children many opportunities to say new words aloud to help them remember the new vocabulary. - Children can draw and label an animal of their choice into their science books. Children will write a description of at least two animals. This can be differentiated to support less able

*Children do not	writing animal names in	writing animal names in	writers and to extend
necessarily need to	relevant categories	relevant categories	the more able.
understand the			- If there is curriculum
differences between			time available, children
mammals/reptiles etc			could complete a
at this stage but they			booklet with a variety
should find out about			of different animals
a range of animals.		Chilles To identify and	included.
-		Skills: To identify and	- Children could present
Skills: To begin to	Skills: To identify and	classify with some	their information to
observe and identify,	classify with some	support.	another class or in an
compare and	support.		assembly.
describe.			- Children could be
			recorded talking about
			their animals and the
			clips put together to
			make a short film.
			Skills: To begin to use
			simple secondary
			sources to find
			answers.
			To begin to find
			information to help me
			from books and
			computers with help.
			, ,